"Control measures for third countries: modernization of the catch certificate system"

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BACKGROUND

- Industrial revolution, new cooling systems and fuels, led to a large-scale high seas fishing.
- Agreements within the framework of the World Trade Organization and the Common Fisheries Policy set the new rules of the game.
- Once the Public Health protection targets demanded by citizens after the Mad Cow disease crisis were covercome, the new goal was the protection of the environment (Sustainable Development Goals 14 life below water) including the fight against the IUU fishing as one of the goals.
- AGREEMENT ON PORT STATE MEASURES (PSMA).





EU LEGAL FRAMEWORK

The Council Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008 is published and put into action from 1/01/2010, and its implementation regulation1010/2009.

https://ec.europa.eu/fisheries/cfp/illegal fishing/info/

OBJECTIVE: prevent, deter and eliminate IUU fishing through actions along all the chain.

Why?

- 1. Multilateral international rules are not enough.
- 2. EU is the largest importer of fishery products. And Spain is the largest importer in the EU.





SPANISH LEGAL FRAMEWORK

Orden ARM/2077/2010, 27th July, to control the access of third countries' vessels, transit operations, transshipments, imports and exports of fisheries products to prevent, deter, and eliminate the illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing.

https://www.mapa.gob.es/es/pesca/temas/control-e-inspeccion-pesquera/BOE 2077.2010-Orden%20control%20acceso%20buques%203 tcm30-285958.pdf

Modification of the fishing law of 2001 by the Ley 33/2014.

https://www.boe.es/boe/dias/2014/12/27/pdfs/BOE-A-2014-13516.pdf







NEW OBLIGATIONS OF THE REGULATION AND OUR LEGISLATION.

- 1. Add the control of ACCESSES OF THIRD COUNTRIES VESSELS, even though they come unloaded.
- 2. It requires the control of any type of entry of fishery products into the territory of the EU. Before not regulated.











SOME FIGURES:

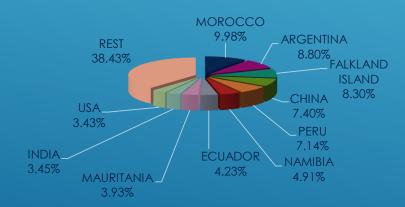


Imports of fishery products: The EU ranks first in the world ranking. Situation of Spain.

Imports in Spain 2019:

1.006.446.198,79 kg imported from more than 80 counties.

IMPORTS AUTHORIZED BY CC ISSUING COUNTRIES AND VOLUME



Imports of fishery products: The EU ranks first in the world ranking. Situation of Spain.

VOLUME OF IMPORTS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORT

Number of files:

+500.000

Verifications by IUU team: 304

Refusals:

Container 70.62%	
	Road vehicle 11.94%
Vessel 15.99%	Airplane 1.45%

MEANS OF TRANSPORT	main entry points				
	1° Vigo				
Container	2º Valencia				
	3° Marin				
	1º La Puebla del Caramiñal				
Vessel	2º Vigo				
	3° Marin				
	1° Algeciras				
Road vehicle	2º Guipúzcoa				
	3° La Junquera				
	1° Madrid				
Airplane	2º Barcelona				
	3° Las Palmas				





IMPLICATIONS FOR THE INTERNATIONAL TRADE

- 1. Greater administrative work load for both operators and the Admisitration. Mayor carga administrativa tanto para operadores como para la Administración.
- 2. Increase of national and international administrative cooperation.
- 3. Equalize the control standards already required to our own community fleet and sector to avoid distortion in the market as much as possible.
- 4. Maintain international commitments to protect the Environment (United Nation Convention on the Lay of the Sea Regional Management Fisheries Organitation, Food and Agriculture Organitation of the United Nations, etc...)







PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE

OPERATING TOOL:

CATCH CERTIFICATE SCHEME

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MINISTERIO DE AGRICULTURA, PESCA Y ALIMENTACIÓN



PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE.

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY CATCH CERTIFICATE										
Document nu	mber		Va	Validating authority						
1. Name		Tel.								
				Fax						
2. Fishing v	essel name	Flag – Home por	t an	d registration	numb	er Ca	II sign		MO/Lloyd's number (if issued)	
Fishing licend	ee No – Valid to	Inm	arsa	at No, Fax No,	Teleph	none No,	E-mail ac	ddress	s (if issued)	
3. Description	ng a	uthorised on	4		rences of managem		cable conservation easures			
Species	Product code	Catch area(s) dates	and				nated wei landed (l		Verified weight landed (kg) where appropriate	
5. Name of r	master of fishing	g vessel – Signatu	re -	Seal:						
	on of transhipmonaster of fishing		Signature and date Transhipment date/ Estimated we area/position					timated weight (kg)		
Master of reco	/ess	el name	С	all sign		MO/L if issu	loyds number ed)			

7. Transhipment authorisation within a port area											
Name	Authority	Signature	re Address Tel.		Port of landing		Date of landing		Seal (stamp)		
		l									
8. Name and address of exporter Date Seal											
9. Flag State authority validation:											
Name/title Signature Date Seal (stamp)											

10. Transport details (see Appendix)										
11. Importer declaration										
Name and address of importer	Signature		Date				Seal	Product	CN code	
Documents under Articles 14(1), (2) of Regulation (EC) No/2008	Refe	rences								
12. Import control — authority		Place			ortation orised (*)		mportation uspended (*)	Verific reques	ation sted – date	
Customs declaration (if issued)		Numb	er			D	ate	Place		
(*) Tick as appropriate.										







THE CATCH CERTIFICATES

- 1. It is unilateral, unlike the already existing ones in RFMO's (ICCAT, CCMLAR y CCSBT).
- 2. It is mandatory for every fishery product except for acuaculture and those cited in the Annex I and its modifications

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legalcontent/ES/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32011R0202&from=EN





2010, TRAINING OF THE SPANISH INTELLIGENGE GROUP

- 2008-2010: The Spanish Secretary-General for fisheries was designated as competent authority to apply the Council Regulation under limited-time circumstances.
- Urgent creation of a computer system for management. SIGCPI was born to manage the import of nearly one million of tons.
- This enormous data base manages the port Access (in compliance with the R 1005/2008 and the Port States Measures Agreement), landing and imports/transitions. Currently, this means around 50.000 files per year and more than 1 MILLION OF TONS.





WHAT DO WE DO?

1. ACCESSES, LANDINGS AND IMPORTS

2. SPANISH SINGLE LIAISON OFFICE

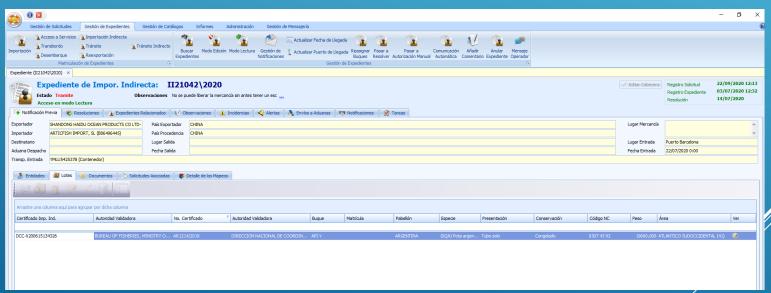
3. THE INTELLIGENCE TEAM



OUR DB SIGCPL

Integrated management system in order to control IUU fishing activities

Currently, it has been developed a third version. It is foreseen that a fourth version will be developed by the end of this year, which will include web Access for applicants (ship owners, ship operators, custom agents, etc.)





IT CATCH UE

PAST AN PRESENT SITUATION: The legal base is R 1005/2008 and certificates are issued by competent authorities of third countries "on paper". All member states have their own system or DB, but not linked to each other.

PROBLEM: It is not posible to check data in real time. Moreover, It makes easier to reuse the certificates and creates different charges to applicants and administrations. Therefore, it diminishes the efficiency and efficacy during controls.

MEASURES: A common tool, the "IT-CATCH", has been developed by the European Commission. Currently it is under testing period, which is voluntary. It is also integrated in TRACES (TRAde Control and Expert System. It will be mandatory once it has passed the revision process according to R 1224/2009





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DIFFERENCES TO THE NATIONAL SYSTEM

- 1. SIGCPI also can deal with the exclusive management of ports, therefore it fulfills the requirements concerning the Port State Measurements Agreements.
- 2. SIGCPI has no automatic control of quantities, but it has control about re-use of certificates.
- 3. SIGCPI can have a conection with customs in real time concerning authorizations.
- 4. SIGCPI can establish contact with applicants and administrations through this system.
- 5. SIGCPI refuses data input directly from third countries (it is not posible to generate the certificate in the system)







PRESENT AND FUTURE CHALLENGES

With regard to the mid-term challenges, there is a need to implement the IT-CATCH system to control certificates, which will be common to all member states (integrated in TRACES).

It enables:

- Greater homogenity in procedures and controls carried out by member states.
- Homogeneous registration in CC
- Avoid re-use of CC
- Real time info about CC denials

This would be only the beginning of possibilities provided by this system

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PRESENT AND FUTURE CHALLENGES

In conclusion, the key message is:

We need to take advantage of these computer tools in order to avoid administrative handicaps and taxes for those who meet the requirements. In this way sustainable fishing trade will be promoted in an international frame and at the same time IUU fishing will be discouraged



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Thank you for your attention! 20